|  | 5   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
|  | 1   | The government has made with the econo  | omic situation.                                    |  |
|  |   | They've given a lot of to making the banks stable.  |  |  |
|  | 3   | 3 Unfortunately, changed the law.   |  |  |
|  | 4   | can only come if people stop making war.  |  |  |
|  | 5   | don't favor extreme change.   |  |  |
|  | 6   | He's who would like to outlaw freedom of speech.  |  |  |
| 7 If I could give you one piece of, it would be to vote.               |   |   |  |  |
| 8 If more people don't find, people will elect a different president.  |   |   | t a different president.                           |  |
|  | 9 Some are more liberal than others.  government  |   |  |  |
| •  | 10  | It's impossible to end allpoverty   |  |  |
| <b>A</b> (   | Using the sentences in the grammar presentation above as a model, write pairs of sentences on a separate sheet of pape using the gerunds and infinitives in the two ways shown. |   |  |  |
|  | ,   | voting  | 4 to permit  |  |
|  |   | a (as the subject of a sentence)  | a (as the subject of a sentence)                   |  |
|  | t   | b (as a direct object)  | <b>b</b> (as a direct object)                      |  |
|  | 2 :   | smoking   | 5 to lower   |  |
|  |   | a (as a direct object)  | a (as a direct object)                             |  |
|  | b   | o (as an object of the preposition <u>to</u> )  | <b>b</b> (as the subject of a sentence)            |  |
| 3 censoring  |   |   |  |  |
|  | а   | a (as the object of the preposition of)   |  |  |
|  | b   | o (as a subject complement)   |  |  |
|  |   |   |  |  |
|  |   | plete the paragraph with gerunds or infinitives. When either a the blank with both forms. | gerund or an infinitive would be correct,          |  |
|  | I hope some positive changes in my life, and I would like right away. I have a lot of people enjoy about the political situation, but they don't like 3 complain                |   |  |  |
|  |   |   |  |  |
| the poor people who don't have enough to eat, but they don't feel like |   |   | the news and they care about all $\frac{6}{6}$ say |  |
|  |   |   | eel like anything to change the                    |  |
|  |   |   | money on stupid things they don't need waste       |  |
|  |   |   | v people are suffering, and I've agreed            |  |
|  |   | a political action group. I simply hate   | anything!  |  |
|  |   |   |  |  |

В

| Α | Write the correct prepositions of place, using <u>in</u> , <u>on</u> , or <u>of</u>  | į.   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | Pisco is the Pacific coast of Peru.  2 Tianjin, in China, is Hebei Province.   | 9 Fengkang is the southern part                                    |  |  |
|   | 3 Desaguadero is Lake Titicaca in Bolivia.   | 10 The city of Budapest, Hungary, is the Danube River.             |  |  |
|   | <ul><li>4 The island of Bahrain is the Persian Gulf.</li><li>5 Cabimas is Lake Maracaibo in Venezuela.</li></ul>                               | 11 Denmark is north Germany.                                       |  |  |
|   | <ul> <li>6 Sapporo is</li></ul>  | 12 The capital of Chile, Santiago, is located the Central Valley.  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |
| В | On a separate sheet of paper, rewrite each sentence with correct capitalization. Follow the example.   |  |  |  |
|   | i'm reading one hundred years of solitude.<br>I'm reading One Hundred Years of Solitude.   |  |  |  |
|   | 1 my cousins are studying french.  | 7 she graduated from the university of washington.                 |  |  |
|   | 2 the leaning tower of pisa is in northern italy.  | 8 we liked the movie about the great wall of china.                |  |  |
|   | 3 it's on the southern coast of australia.   | 9 my son is in the college of sciences.                            |  |  |
|   | 4 i visit the city museum of art every saturday.   | 10 his father speaks korean and japanese fluently.                 |  |  |
|   | <ul><li>5 my uncle jack works for the united nations.</li><li>6 the channel tunnel between england and france was completed in 1994.</li></ul> | 11 their grandson was born last march.                             |  |  |
| С | Correct the errors in the sentences. Explain your answers.   |  |  |  |
|   | When she went to the Malaysia, she brought her husband with her.   |  |  |  |
|   | 2 A lot of people from United States teach English here.   |  |  |  |
|   | 3 The Haiti is the closest neighbor to Dominican Republic.   |  |  |  |
|   | 4 When we arrived in the Berlin, I was very excited.   |  |  |  |
|   | 5 The Jordan is a country in Middle East.  |  |  |  |
|   | 6 I introduced our visitors to University of Riyadh.   |  |  |  |
|   | <ul><li>7 I lived in People's Republic of China for about two years.</li><li>8 Mr. Yan is a student at College of Arts and Sciences.</li></ul> |  |  |  |
|   | 9 She is the director of English Language Institute.   |  |  |  |
|   | 10 She's the most famous actress in Netherlands.   |  |  |  |
|   | 11 He's interested in cultures in Far East.  |  |  |  |
|   | 12 The Poland was one of the first countries in the Eastern  | n Europe to change to democracy.                                   |  |  |
| Α | On a separate sheet of paper, complete each statement in your own way, using an infinitive.  |  |  |  |
|   | 1 He's tall enough   | 4 She isn't hungry enough  |  |  |
|   | <b>2</b> He isn't strong enough  | <b>5</b> The movie was interesting enough                          |  |  |
|   | 3 She's thirsty enough   | 6 The movie wasn't exciting enough                                 |  |  |
| В | On a separate sheet of paper, write ten sentences, using y infinitive and five using enough and an infinitive.                                 | our choice of adjectives from the box. Write five using too and an |  |  |

early

expensive

heavy

high

important

loud

old

sick

young

scary

long

short